



(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(43) Date of publication:  
**22.03.2000 Bulletin 2000/12**

(51) Int Cl.7: **A61F 2/00**

(21) Application number: **99118214.8**

(22) Date of filing: **14.09.1999**

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
**AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU**  
**MC NL PT SE**  
 Designated Extension States:  
**AL LT LV MK RO SI**

(71) Applicant: **Trabucco, Ermanno Ennio**  
**Great Neck, NY 11020 (US)**

(72) Inventor: **Trabucco, Ermanno Ennio**  
**Great Neck, NY 11020 (US)**

(30) Priority: **16.09.1998 US 154458**  
**16.07.1999 US 356176**

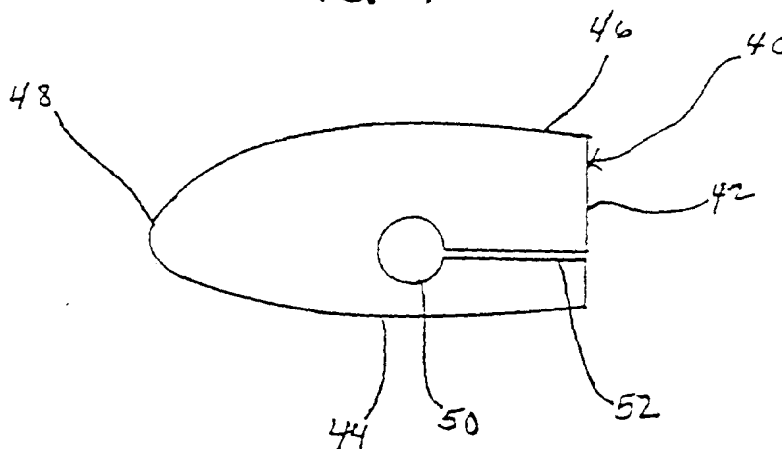
(74) Representative: **Rapisardi, Mariacristina**  
**Ufficio Brevetti Rapisardi S.r.l.,**  
**Largo V. Alpini, 15**  
**20145 Milano (IT)**

(54) **Mesh plug kit for the inguinal box surgical technique for hernioplasty**

(57) A series of kits for an indirect and direct inguinal hernia operations for both male patient and a female patients. The kit for the male patient comprises two plugs (10,20) and one mesh piece (40). The plugs and mesh are made from a polymer mesh and are pretreated so that they lay flat within the body after a hernia operation. These two plugs and mesh piece are sterilized and placed within a kit so that during an operation for hernia repair, a doctor has the necessary plugs precut and ster-

ilized so that he can place these plugs within a patient's body. In this case, the plugs and mesh pieces have holes (22) and slits (24) formed to receive a spermatic cord. Since a female patient does not have a spermatic cord, the plug and mesh piece in this kit do not have holes or slits for a spermatic cord. There is also a third kit for large primary and recurrent groin hernias that cause weakening of the entire floor canal. This kit contains a flat rigid hernial plug and a preshaped mesh piece. The two pieces are attached in a two-mesh pair.

**FIG. 10**



## Description

**[0001]** In accordance with 35 U.S.C. §120, this application is a continuation in part application based upon U.S. application no. 09/154,458 filed on September 16, 1998.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field of the Invention

**[0002]** The invention relates to a plurality of kits for use in an indirect and direct inguinal hernia operations and large primary and recurrent groin hernias. The operation consists of exposing a 12 centimeter by 4.5 centimeter "Inguinal Box" for the insertion of mesh plugs. These kits are comprised of a series of plugs and mesh pieces of various shapes and sizes with one of the plugs and one of the mesh pieces having a hole in the center to fit around the spermatic cord.

### 2. Description of the Prior Art

**[0003]** Many inguinal hernia plugs are known in the prior art. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,716,409 to Debbas discloses a reinforcement sheet for use in surgery that includes an opening to receive a spermatic cord and a passageway designed to allow the opening to fit around the spermatic cord.

**[0004]** U.S. Patent No. 4,769,038 to Bendavid et al. discloses a plug for the repair of a femoral hernia. The plug or prosthesis has multiple layers or panels and fits around the spermatic cord.

**[0005]** U.S. Patent No. 2,671,444 to Pease discloses a non metallic mesh surgical insert for hernia repair. The non metallic mesh surgical insert is preferably made from a polyethylene mesh known under the trade mark Alathon.

**[0006]** PCT Application No. WO 96/14805 to Valenti discloses a double layer prosthesis that is applied to a patient with an inguinal hernia.

**[0007]** European Patent No. 0719527A1 to Sgro discloses a dual layer prosthesis for an indirect inguinal hernia. The first layer is a solid sheet while the second layer has a center hole and a strip cut towards the center hole.

**[0008]** European Patent No. 0614650 to Rutkow discloses an implantable prosthesis that has a conical mesh plug having a pleated surface which conforms to the contours of the defect being repaired. Mesh filler material positioned on the plug stiffens the implant when it is compared to the defect.

**[0009]** Unlike the prior art, the present invention is a set of plugs and hernia mesh pieces for a particular surgical technique. This technique involves exposing an approximately 12 centimeter by 4.5 centimeter box or opening in a patient. One of three kits can be used with this surgical technique with two kits for male patients

and another kit for female patients. Each kit comprises a series of pre sterilized and pre tensioned mesh plugs that are cut to fit inside this box.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0010]** Indirect inguinal hernia operations have been performed on patients for many years. The operation involves exposing an approximately 12 centimeter by 4.5 centimeter inguinal box that includes a lateral box and a medial box. The lateral box extends from a deep inguinal ring to a superior iliac spine and averages 7 centimeters in length. This lateral box is a virtual space that contains a loose avascular thin areolar tissue laying between an internal oblique muscle and an external oblique aponeurosis. The medial box extends from the deep inguinal ring to the pubic tubercle. This box extends 6 centimeters in length and includes 1 centimeter of the pubic tubercle. A superficial inguinal ring is an opening in the roof of the medial box, while a deep inguinal ring is an opening in its floor.

**[0011]** Using the kit of the invention, a surgeon has the option to insert a series of plugs and meshes found in a kit. One of two kits can be used with this surgical technique with one kit for male patients and another kit for female patients. Each kit is comprised of at least one plug and at least one mesh, selected from a total of two plugs and two meshes. All of these pieces are presterilized and precut so that during surgery, a surgeon can open the sterile package and apply the plugs and meshes to the patient without the need to individually cut the plugs or meshes or to separately sterilize them.

**[0012]** Likewise, a third kit may be used for large primary and recurrent groin hernias which cause weakening of the entire floor of the canal. These kits are comprised of at least one plug and one mesh piece selected from three plugs and a single mesh piece.

**[0013]** The plugs and meshes are made from a polypropylene monofilament that is woven into a mesh, stretched, and then treated with hot vapors to diminish its memory. This mesh is next cut into the desired shapes with a laser or a hot knife to burn the ends of the mesh so as to keep the monofilament mesh from fraying.

**[0014]** A first kit is used for repairing indirect inguinal hernias in male patients. This kit comprises two plugs and one mesh piece. The first plug is a round mesh patch that is at least 2.5 centimeters but preferably 5 centimeters in diameter. The second plug is a round mesh patch that is at least 2.5 centimeters but preferably 5 centimeters in diameter with a central or eccentric hole of 1 centimeter in diameter and a lateral slit. The hole and lateral slit allows this second plug to fit around a spermatic cord within a patient's body.

**[0015]** The hernia mesh piece is tear-drop-shaped having a right edge, a left edge, a top edge and a bottom edge. In addition, this mesh piece has a circular hole with a diameter of 1.2 centimeters. The center of this

hole is 1.5 centimeters up from the bottom edge, 3 centimeters in from the top edge, 4 centimeters in from the right edge and 6 centimeters in from the rounded left edge. Furthermore, a cutaway strip is placed into the plug so that a spermatic cord can fit inside the center hole.

**[0016]** During an operation on a male patient, one of the plugs is inserted into the deep inguinal ring below the transversalis fascia. A surgeon has the option of using one of the two plugs depending on his preference. The second plug with an eccentric hole is preferred because it can fit around a patient's spermatic cord thereby limiting the movement of the plug within the patient's body and because under the transversalis fascia, there is much less free space below the spermatic cord than above it. In addition, these plugs and mesh pieces are cut with particular dimensions to fit snug inside an inguinal box. Therefore, the walls of the inguinal box hold the mesh pieces within the box and keep them from migrating. Since there is little migration of these plugs within the body, there is less chance of seromas, deformities, and incomplete fibrous infiltration.

**[0017]** The second kit comprises the first plug plus a second hernia mesh piece that is tear-drop-shaped piece having a right edge, a left edge, a top edge, and a bottom edge. This first mesh piece has a width of 4 centimeters along the right edge that gradually increases to a width of 4.5 centimeters at its widest point. The piece then tapers down to a rounded left edge. In addition, the piece has a length of 10 centimeters.

**[0018]** This second kit can be used to treat female patients. During an operation, the first plug can be placed within the deep inguinal ring, underneath the transversalis fascia. Next the hernia mesh piece is placed within the superficial inguinal ring, inside inguinal box but over the transversalis fascia and the first plug.

**[0019]** The third kit contains a flat elongated rigid hernial plug, and a preshaped mesh piece. This kit is designed for large primary and recurrent groin hernias of any type that cause weakening of the entire floor of the canal. The plug is implanted in the preperitoneal space in a two mesh pair. It is utilized with a preshaped mesh for reconstruction of the inguinal region.

**[0020]** One object of the invention is to provide a kit for male patients having the first and second plugs and the first hernia mesh piece.

**[0021]** Another object of the invention is to provide a kit for female patients having the first plug and the second hernia mesh piece.

**[0022]** Another object of the invention is to provide a kit for male patients having the elongated plug and the first hernia mesh piece.

**[0023]** Another object of the invention is to provide a plug for an indirect inguinal hernia that lays flat within the body, thus avoiding complications during surgery such as seromas, deformities and incomplete fibrous infiltration.

**[0024]** Another object of the invention is to provide a

plug or piece for an indirect inguinal hernia that can be applied into a body without the use of sutures or staples.

**[0025]** It is a further object of the invention to provide a series of plugs and meshes that fit within an inguinal box that extends roughly 12 centimeters from the superior iliac spine to the pubic tubercle and roughly 4.5 centimeters from the aponeurotic attachment of the external oblique on the anterior rectus sheath to the reflection of the inguinal ligament.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0026]** Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description considered in connection with the accompanying drawings which disclose three embodiments of the present invention. It should be understood, however, that the drawings are designed for the purpose of illustration only and not as a definition of the limits of the invention.

**[0027]** In the drawings, wherein similar reference characters denote similar elements throughout the several views:

FIG. 1A discloses a front view of the first hernial plug;

FIG. 1B discloses a front view of the first hernial plug that is pinched;

FIG. 1C discloses a front view of the second hernial plug having a center cut out designed to fit around the spermatic cord;

FIG. 1D discloses a front view of the first hernial mesh piece having a center cut designed to fit around the spermatic cord;

FIG. 1E is a front view of the second hernial mesh piece

FIG. 2A shows the hernial plug of FIG. 1A inserted into an opening in the body near the spermatic cord;

FIG. 2B shows the plug in FIG. 1A inserted into the body;

FIG. 3A shows the opening for inserting the hernial plug;

FIG. 3B shows the hernial plug of FIG. 1C fitting around the spermatic cord;

FIG. 4 shows the hernial plug of FIG. 1D fitting inside the body;

FIG. 5 shows a cross-sectional view of a hernial plug as it fits inside the body;

FIG. 6 discloses a front view of the first hernial mesh piece having a center cut designed to fit around the spermatic cord and a slot extending vertically upward;

FIG. 7 discloses a front view of the first hernia mesh piece having a center cut designed to fit around the spermatic cord and a vertical slot extending down;

FIG. 8 discloses a front view of the second hernial plug having an eccentric opening for the spermatic cord;

FIG. 9 discloses a front view of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug made with mesh. An eccentric opening is placed around the spermatic cord in the lateral position;

FIG. 10 discloses a front view of a second embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug made with mesh. A lowered eccentric opening is placed around the spermatic cord in the lateral position;

FIG. 11 discloses a front view of a third embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug made with mesh. The mid upper aspect of the plug is arched upward and an eccentric opening is placed around the spermatic cord in the lateral position; and

FIG. 12 shows the third embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug, of FIG. 11, implanted in the preperitoneal space and anchored to a preshaped onlay mesh.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

**[0028]** Referring to FIG. 1A there is shown a first plug 10 that is a single round circular plug. This plug has a diameter of 5 centimeters. As shown in FIG. 1B it can be pinched together so that it can be inserted into a small opening within the body.

**[0029]** FIG. 1C shows a second plug 20 that has a center hole 22, and a strip 24 cut in from its edge to the center hole. This plug is 4 centimeters in diameter. Center hole 22 and strip 24 are designed to allow second plug 20 to fit around a spermatic cord. During an operation, second plug 20 can be opened along strip 24 to allow center hole 22 to fit around a spermatic cord within a patient's body.

**[0030]** FIG. 1D shows the first hernia mesh piece 40 in the kit wherein there is a right edge 42, a left edge 48, a bottom edge 44 and a top edge 46. A hole 50 has a center that is positioned 1.5 centimeters up from the bottom edge 44, and 3 centimeters down from the top edge. In addition, hole 50 is placed 4 centimeters in from right edge 32 and 6 centimeters in from left edge 48. Piece 40 also has strip 52 that extends from right edge 42 to

hole 50. Strip 52 is placed 1.5 centimeters in from bottom edge 44 and 3 centimeters in from top edge 46. Like second plug 20, hole 50 and strip 52 on piece 40 are designed to allow piece 40 to fit around a spermatic cord.

**[0031]** FIG. 1E shows a second hernia mesh piece 30 that has a right edge 32, a left edge 38 a bottom edge 34 and a top edge 36. Mesh piece 30 is 4 centimeters wide along right edge 32, and 4.5 centimeters at its widest point. In addition, mesh piece 30 is 10 centimeters long extending from right edge 32 to left edge 38.

**[0032]** All plugs and meshes are made from a polypropylene monofilament that is woven into a mesh, stretched, and then treated with hot vapors to diminish its memory. This mesh is cut into the above-mentioned dimensions with a laser or hot knife to burn the ends of the mesh so as to keep the monofilament mesh from fraying. Next, the plugs and meshes are sterilized and placed in one of three kits. The first kit is designed for an indirect inguinal hernia operation on a male patient. In this type operation, the first and second plugs, and the first mesh piece are necessary. Therefore, the first kit contains first plug 10, second plug 20, and first mesh piece 40. A second kit is for an indirect inguinal hernia operations on female patients. This kit comprises first plug 10 and second mesh piece 30. This kit does not include the second plug and the third mesh piece because it is not necessary for female patients to have plug 20 or mesh piece 40. Both plug 20 and mesh piece 40 have holes 22 and 50 respectively that are cut out for spermatic cords that are not present in females. The first and second kits may also be used for small and medium size direct hernias. The plug may be stitched to the pre-shaped mesh piece.

**[0033]** During surgery, a surgeon can open a kit to apply these pre-cut sterilized plugs into an inguinal box in a patient, thereby avoiding the steps of cutting and sterilizing each plug during hernia surgery. During an operation on a male patient, a surgeon has the option to insert either first plug 10 or second plug 20 within a patient's body.

**[0034]** For example, FIG. 2A shows pinched plug 10 as shown in FIG. 1B being inserted into the body of a patient during hernia surgery. During surgery, an inguinal box is exposed which forms a superficial inguinal ring 56. Pinched plug 10 fits within an enlarged deep inguinal ring 54, after cutting through transversalis fascia 58 which forms the bottom layer of superficial inguinal ring 56.

**[0035]** FIG. 2B shows plug 10 inserted into the body and positioned inside inguinal ring 54. Plug 10 fits near spermatic cord 60 inside the body.

**[0036]** FIG. 3A shows the second option for the operation wherein a surgeon can instead insert plug 20 into deep inguinal ring 54. Plug 20 fits inside deep inguinal ring 54 to cover the hernia sac. In this case, it is positioned inside inguinal ring 54 and under transversalis fascia 58.

**[0037]** FIG. 3B shows plug 20 fitted around spermatic cord 60. With this design, plug 20 is less likely than plug 10 to slip or move within the body because plug 20 fits snugly around spermatic cord 60. In this case, slit 24 opens up plug 20 so that with hole 22 it can fit around the cord 60. Since this new plug is a flat plug, it does not compress the iliac vein after it is inserted into the body.

**[0038]** The next step in the operation is shown in FIG. 4. FIG. 4 shows mesh piece 40 as it fits inside the body. Mesh piece 40 contains hole 50 and slit 52 which allows it to open up along edge 42 to allow mesh piece 40 to fit around spermatic cord 60. Mesh piece 40 fits inside the superficial inguinal ring 56, over transversalis fascia 58 and over deep inguinal ring 54 housing either plug 10 or 20.

**[0039]** A similar kit can be used when operating on a female patient. However, a female patient does not have spermatic cord 60 so plug 20 and mesh piece 40 are not needed in this kit. For example, the kit for a female patient includes plug 10 and hernia mesh piece 30. In this operation, plug 10 is inserted into deep inguinal ring 54, underneath transversalis fascia 58. Next, mesh piece 30 is placed into superficial inguinal ring 56 over transversalis fascia 58 and plug 10.

**[0040]** FIG. 5 shows mesh 40 as it fits inside the body. Mesh piece 40 is designed to lay flat within the body so that there is no overlap or bunching. This feature is important because if a plug or a mesh piece becomes deformed or moves within the body then there could be the development of seromas, deformities, and incomplete fibrous infiltration. Both mesh piece 40 and mesh piece 30 lay flat within the body because they were made from a stiff polypropylene mesh that was pre treated to diminish memory in the piece. Finally these mesh pieces do not have to be sutured or stapled within the body because they are positioned within the inguinal box.

**[0041]** FIG. 6 shows a second embodiment of the first hernia mesh piece 40 in the kit wherein there is a right edge 42, left edge 48, bottom edge 44 and a top edge 46 and a hole 50 that is positioned 1.5 cm up from the bottom edge 44 and 3 cm down from the top edge. This second embodiment slot 52' extends vertically up from hole 50 1.5 cm to edge 44.

**[0042]** FIG. 7 shows a third embodiment of the first hernia mesh piece 40. This third embodiment has a top edge 44, left edge 42 and right edge 48, and a slot 52" that extends vertically down to edge 46.

**[0043]** In this way, in both FIG. 6 and FIG. 7, vertical slots 52' and 52" can also be used to allow mesh piece 40 to open up an allow hole 50 to fit around a spermatic cord.

**[0044]** FIG. 8 shows a second embodiment of the second hernial plug 20 with an eccentric hole 82, and a strip 84 cut in from its edge to the eccentric hole. This plug is 2 to 5 centimeters in diameter, and the hole is 1 centimeter in diameter. Eccentric hole 82 and strip 84 are designed to allow third plug 80 to fit around a spermatic

cord. A plug with an eccentric hole fits better in this space because under the transversalis fascia, there is much less free space below the spermatic cord than above it.

**[0045]** FIG. 9 shows a third embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug 90 made with mesh. It has a eccentric hole 92, spaced 2 cm in from a right side 95 and 8 cm in from a left side 96. A strip 94 is cut in from its edge to the eccentric hole. This plug is elongated and is 10 x 4.5 centimeters with an eccentric opening of 1 centimeter. Eccentric hole 92 and strip 94 are designed to allow the plug 90 to fit around a spermatic cord in the preperitoneal space in its lateral position. The plug has a rounded left side 95, a rounded right side 96, a bottom side 97 and a top side 98. Its medial rounded end will be placed always in the preperitoneal space, over the lacunar ligament.

**[0046]** FIG. 10 shows a fourth embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug 100 made with mesh, with a lowered eccentric hole 102 and a strip 104 cut from its edge to the lower eccentric hole. Hole 102 is spaced 2 cm in from left edge 105 and 8cm in from right side 106. The plug is elongated and has a lower hole positioning than FIG. 9. In this case, hole 102 is spaced up 3/4 of a centimeter from bottom edge 107. The plug has a rounded left side 105, a rounded right side 106 a flat upper side 108 and a flat lower side 107 connected by two rounded ends.

**[0047]** FIG. 11 shows a fifth embodiment of a flat elongated rigid hernial plug 110 made with mesh, with a lowered eccentric hole 112 and a strip 114 cut from its edge to the lower eccentric hole. The plug has a rounded left side 115, a rounded right side 116, a flat bottom aspect or side 117 and a top side having a mid upper aspect 116 of the plug. Hole 112 is spaced up 3/4 of a centimeter up from bottom side 117, 8 cm in from right aspect 116 and 2 cm in from left aspect 115. Aspect 118 is arched upward 5cm up from bottom edge 117 to fit over the aponeurotic arch of the trasversus muscle. Lower aspect 117 will lay in part over the Cooper's ligament.

**[0048]** A third kit for these type of operations contains second flat rigid hernial plug 90, 100, or 110, and a pre-shaped mesh piece 40. This kit is designed for large primary and recurrent groin hernias of any type that cause weakening of the entire floor of the canal. It is utilized with a preshaped mesh for reconstruction of the inguinal region.

**[0049]** FIG. 12 shows a diagram of the positioning of the fourth embodiment of the rigid plug 110 and the pre-shaped mesh piece 40. The plug 110 is implanted in the preperitoneal space and stitched through the posterior wall 124 of the inguinal canal, to a preshaped mesh piece 40 with sutures 120, 122. A lateral suture 120 is placed near both openings and a medial suture 122 is placed from the tip of the preshaped mesh 40 to an area about 2 cm from the medial end of the elongated plug 110. The distance from the opening in the preshaped mesh 40 to its medial end is 6 centimeters and the dis-

tance from the opening in the plug 110 to its medial end is 8 centimeters. The distance between the two meshes can be controlled in tying the sutures instead of fixing the distance by a cylinder mesh which may be too long in inguinal canals with a thin floor. The procedure may be utilized in all inguinal and crural hernias, primary and recurrent.

**[0050]** Accordingly, while only three embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described, it is to be understood that many changes and modifications may be made thereunto without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

## Claims

1. A hernia plug and mesh kit comprising:

a first mesh plug that has a circular shape;

a second circular mesh plug having a hole cut substantially in the center of the plug, and a slit cut in one end of said plug leading to the hole;

a first mesh piece that is tear drop-shaped having a center hole cut within the plug and a slit cut into the plug, the slit extending from an edge of the plug to the hole, said plug having a flat right edge, a rounded left edge a rounded top edge and a rounded bottom edge, wherein said first mesh plug, said second mesh plug, and said first mesh piece are designed to fit secure inside a patient without staples or sutures.

2. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first plug has a diameter of at least 2.5 centimeters.

3. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first plug has a diameter of at least 4.5 centimeters.

4. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said second mesh plug has a diameter of at least 2.5 centimeters.

5. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said second mesh plug has a diameter of at least 4 centimeters.

6. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said second mesh plug has a low eccentric hole and a slit cut in one end of said plug leading to the hole.

7. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a length of at least 9 centimeters.

8. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a width of at least 3.5 centimeters.

9. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein a center of said hole on said mesh piece is positioned 3 centimeters from said top edge and 1.5 centimeters from said bottom edge.

10. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said mesh piece has a length of at least 10 centimeters from said right edge to said left edge.

11. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the width of said mesh piece is at most 4.5 centimeters.

12. A hernia kit comprising:

a mesh plug that has a circular shape; and

a mesh piece that is tear drop-shaped said mesh piece having a substantially flat right edge, a rounded left edge, a rounded top edge and a rounded bottom edge, wherein when a inguinal box is exposed on a person, a surgeon can open this kit and place said first mesh plug into said person, and a second mesh piece into a person so that said mesh piece covers said hernia.

13. The kit as claimed in claim 12, wherein said mesh piece has a length of at least 10 centimeters from said right edge to said left edge.

14. The kit as claimed in claim 12, wherein said mesh piece has a width of 4.5 centimeters at its widest point.

15. The kit as claimed in claim 12, wherein said right edge of said mesh piece is at least 4 centimeters long.

16. A hernia kit comprising:

a flat elongated rigid mesh plug, having an eccentric hole and a strip cut in from its edge to the eccentric hole;

a first mesh piece that is tear drop-shaped having a center hole cut within the plug and a slit cut into the plug, the slit extending from an edge of the plug to the hole, said plug having a flat right edge, a rounded left edge a rounded top edge and a rounded bottom edge, wherein said first mesh plug, said second mesh plug, and said first mesh piece are designed to fit secure inside a patient without staples or sutures.

17. The kit as claimed in claim 16, wherein the flat elongated plug is 10 x 4.5 centimeters with an eccentric opening measuring 1 centimeter in diameter.

18. The kit as claimed in claim 16, wherein the flat elongated plug has a lowered eccentric hole and a strip cut from its edge to the lower eccentric hole.
19. The kit as claimed in claim 16, wherein the flat elongated plug has a lowered eccentric hole and a strip cut from its edge to the hole, and has an arched mid upper aspect to fit over the aponeurotic arch of the trasversus muscle
20. A hernia plug comprising:  
a mesh sheet formed from prestretched and heat treated polypropylene having a diameter that is at least 2.5 centimeters long.
21. The hernia plug as claimed in claim 20, wherein said plug has a center hole with a diameter of at least 1 centimeter.
22. The hernia plug as claimed in claim 21, wherein said plug has a slot cut therein said slot being cut from an edge on said mesh sheet to a central hole in said sheet.
23. A hernia mesh piece comprising:  
a polypropylene sheet that is prestretched and heat treated to diminish its memory, said sheet being at least 9 centimeters long and at least 3.5 centimeters wide.
24. The hernia mesh piece as claimed in claim 23, wherein said sheet has a circular hole that is 1 centimeter in diameter and centrally located on said sheet.
25. The hernia mesh piece as claimed in claim 24, wherein said sheet has a slit cut from one edge to said central hole, wherein said mesh piece is designed to fit around a spermatic cord in a patient.
26. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a slot extending vertically from said hole to an edge.
27. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a slot extending horizontally from this center hole to an edge.
28. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a slot that extends at least 1.5 cm from said hole to said edge.
29. The kit as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first mesh piece has a slot that extends at least 3 cm from said center hole to said edge.

FIG. 1A

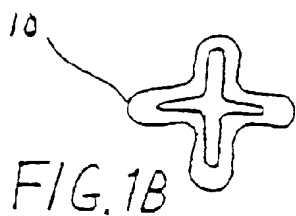
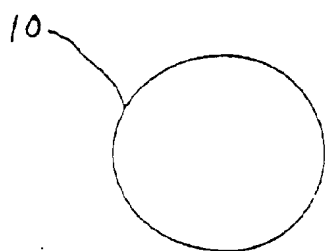


FIG. 1C

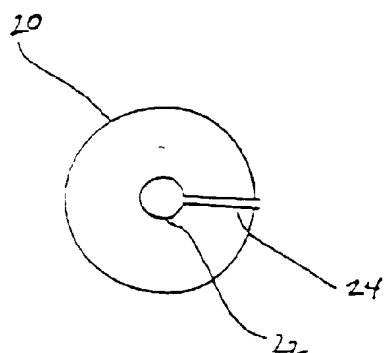


FIG. 1E

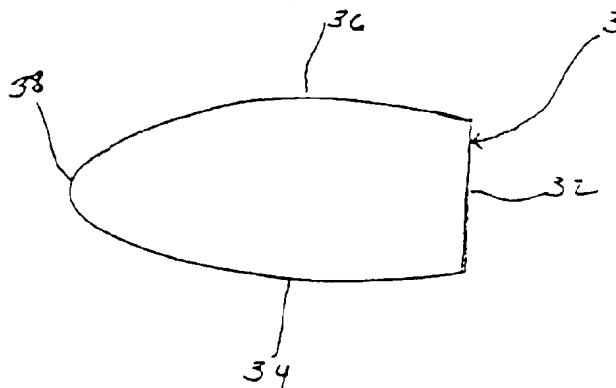


FIG. 1D

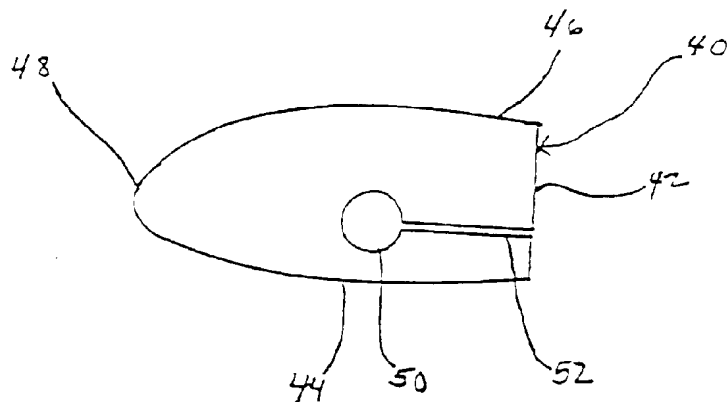




FIG. 2A

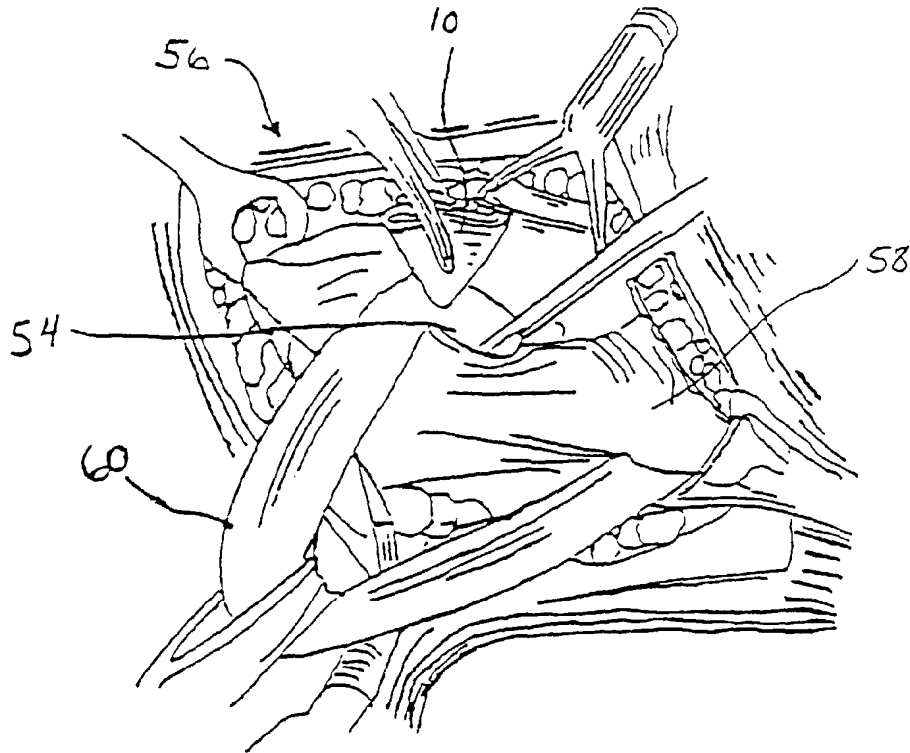


FIG. 2B

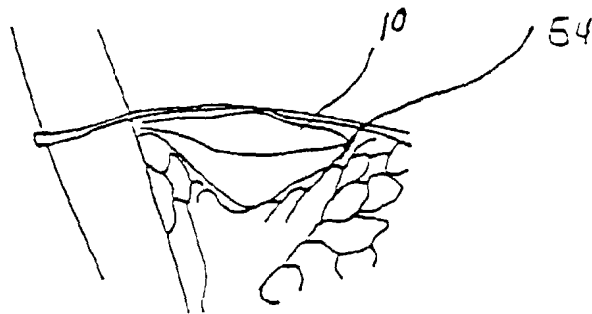


FIG 3A

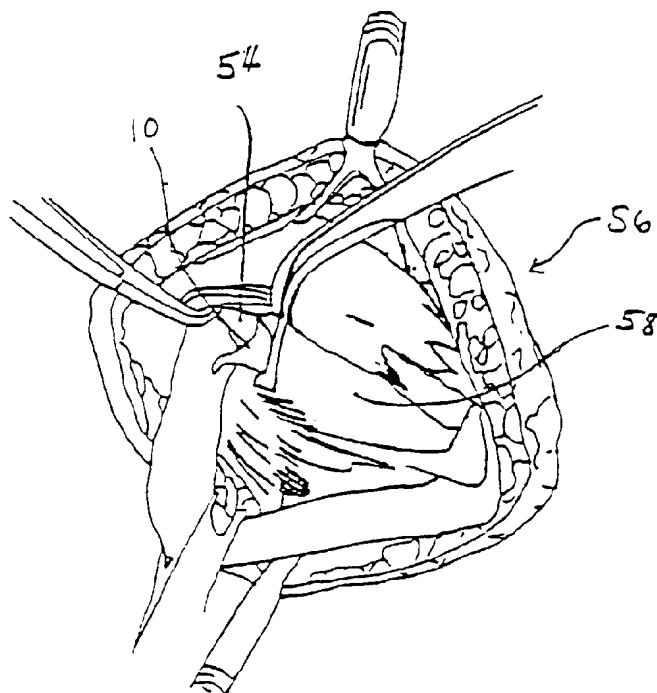


FIG 3B

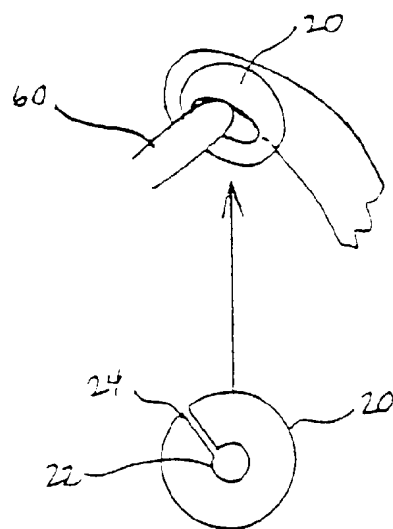


FIG. 4

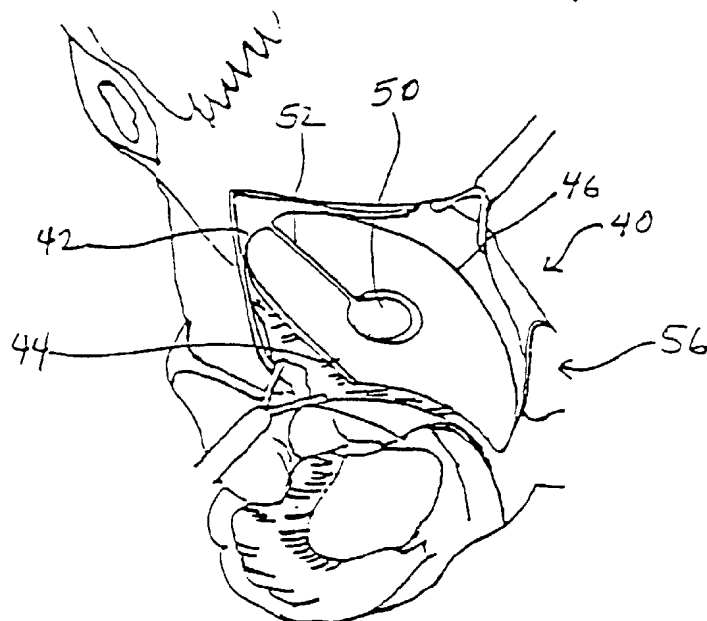


FIG. 5

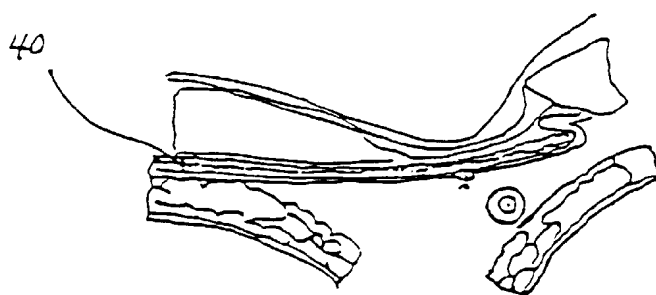


FIG. 6

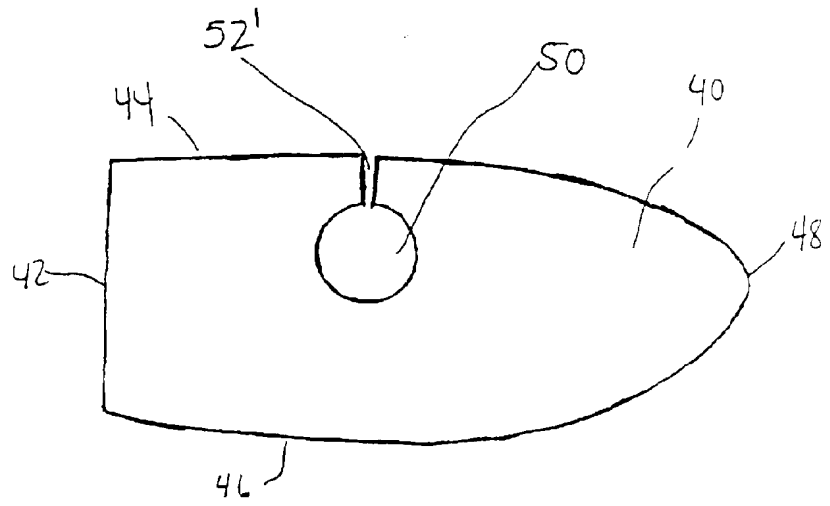


FIG. 7

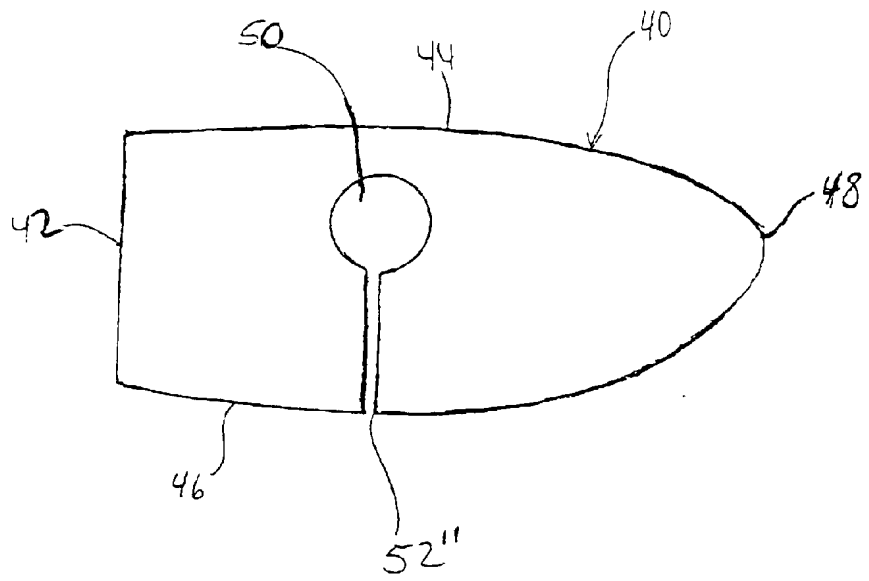
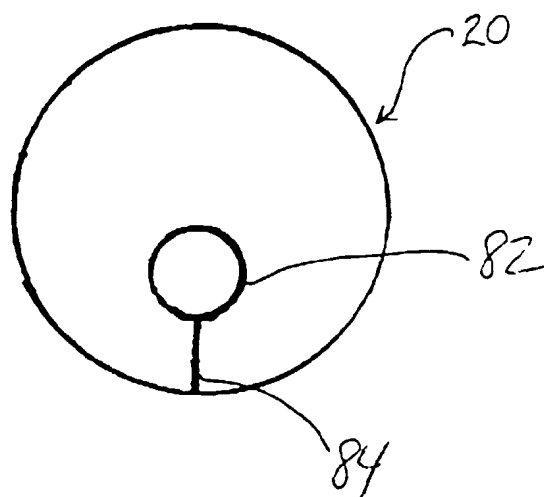
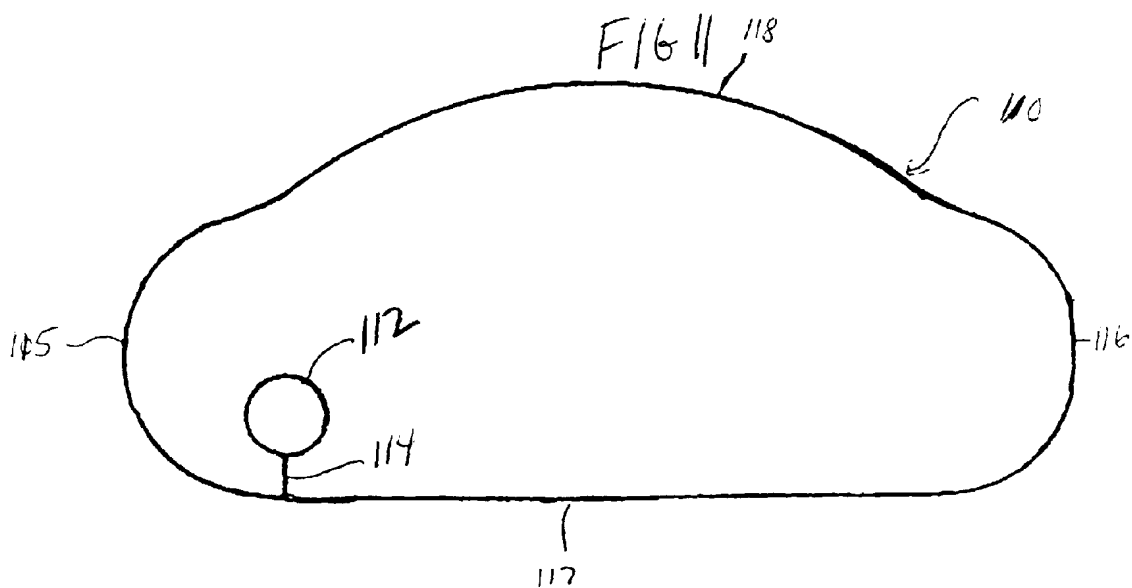
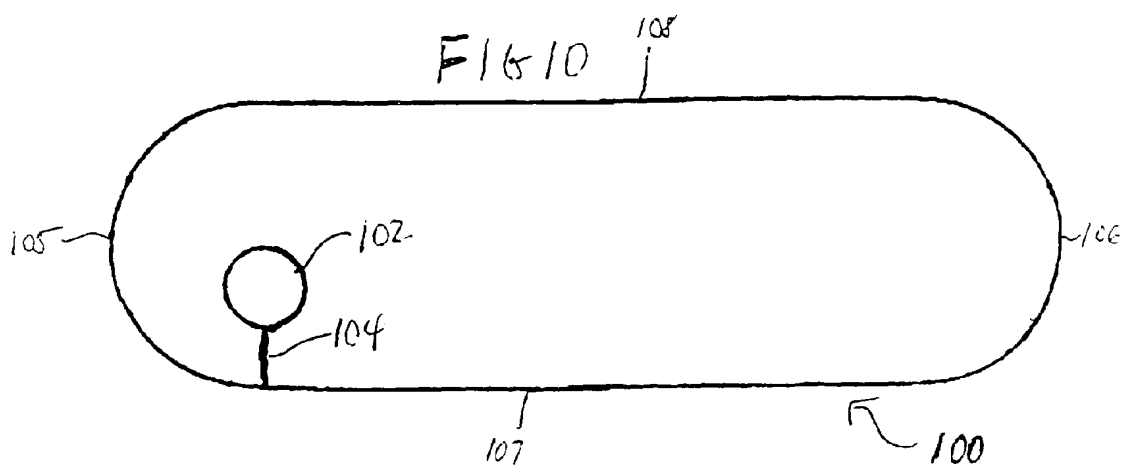
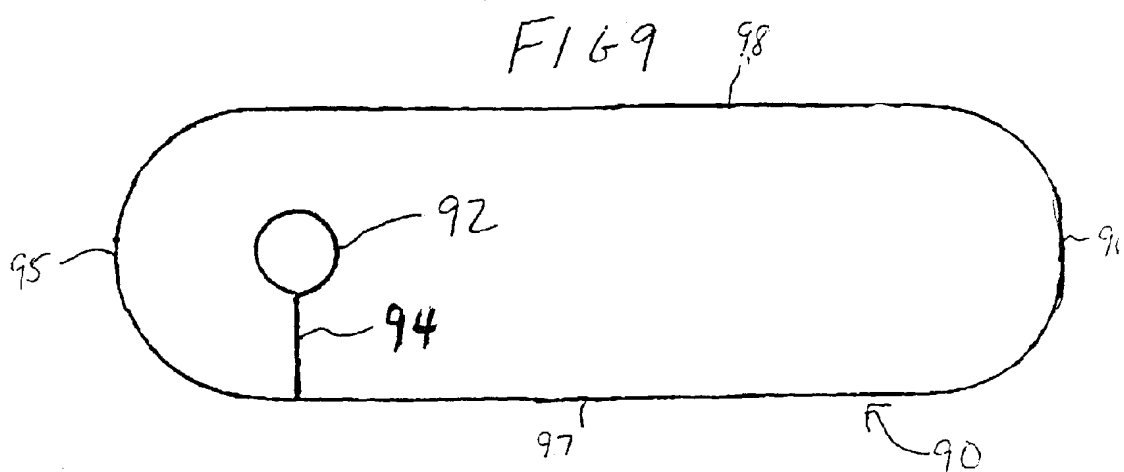


FIG 8





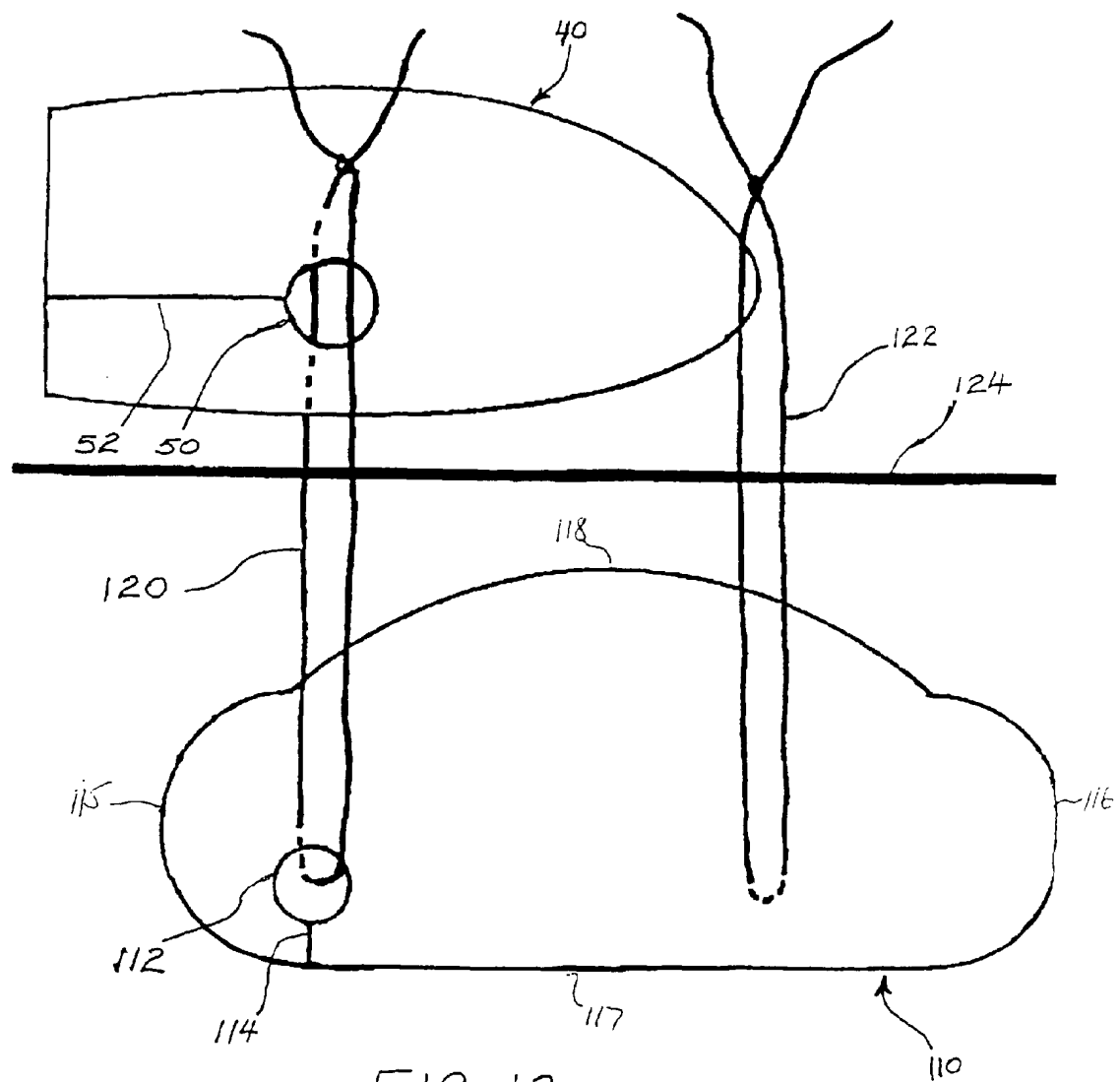


FIG. 12



European Patent  
Office

## EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 99 11 8214

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
X	EP 0 827 724 A (HERNIAMESH S R L) 11 March 1998 (1998-03-11)	20-25	A61F2/00
A	* column 3, line 52 - column 4, line 12; claims 1-5; figure 1 *	1-19	
A	WO 98 14134 A (AVERSA MARGARET M D ;ETHICON INC (US); PRODESCO (US); DOUGHERTY RO) 9 April 1998 (1998-04-09) * the whole document *	1-29	
A	FR 2 744 906 A (COUSIN BIOTECH) 22 August 1997 (1997-08-22) * the whole document *	20	
P,X	EP 0 888 756 A (HERNIAMESH S R L) 7 January 1999 (1999-01-07) * the whole document *	20	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			A61F
Place of search <b>BERLIN</b>		Date of completion of the search <b>29 December 1999</b>	Examiner <b>Korth, C-F</b>
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)



**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT  
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 99 11 8214

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.  
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

29-12-1999

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 0827724	A	11-03-1998	NONE	
WO 9814134	A	09-04-1998	NONE	
FR 2744906	A	22-08-1997	NONE	
EP 0888756	A	07-01-1999	NONE	

EPO FORM P0459

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82